

## Logaritmvõrratused

Ära unusta määramispiirkonda!

**1.** Lahenda võrratus.

- 1)  $\log_3(3x - 2) > 0$
- 2)  $\log_{\frac{1}{3}}(6 - x) \geq -2$
- 3)  $\log_5(3x + 1) > \log_5(x - 2)$
- 4)  $\log_{\frac{1}{5}}(1 - 3x) \leq \log_{\frac{1}{5}}(2 + x)$
- 5)  $\log_{2,4}(3x - 2) - \log_{2,4} 56 < \log_{2,4} 0,5 - \log_{2,4} 7$
- 6)  $\log_{0,3}(x - 10) - \log_{0,3}(2 - x) > \log_{0,3} 4$
- 7)  $\log_5(x^2 + 3) - \log_5(x^2 - 1) \geq 1$
- 8)  $\log_{0,5}(x^2 - 1) - \log_{0,5}(x^2 + 2) > 1$
- 9)  $\log_{0,01}(x^2 - 2x - 1) < \log_{0,01} x + \log_{0,01}(x + 1)$
- 10)  $\log_{1,01}(x^2 - 2x - 1) \leq \log_{1,01} x + \log_{1,01}(x + 1)$

$$\text{Vastused: } x > 1; -3 \leq x < 6; x > 2; x \in (-2; -0,25]; x \in \left(\frac{2}{3}; 2\right);$$

$$\emptyset; x \in [-\sqrt{2}; -1) \cup (1, \sqrt{2}]; x \in (-2; -1) \cup (1; 2); \emptyset; x \in \left[\frac{1}{3}; 1\right) \cup (1; \infty)$$

**2.** Lahenda võrratus.

- 1)  $(2x + 1) \log_{0,2} 2 - 5 \log_{0,2} 2 > 0$
- 2)  $\log_3^2(1 + x) \geq 4 \log_3(1 + x) - \log_3 27$
- 3)  $2\log_2^2(x - 5) - 7 \log_2(x - 5) + \log_2 8 \leq 0$
- 4)  $\log_2 \log_{\sqrt{5}}(x - 1) < 1$
- 5)  $\log_3 \log_{0,5}(2x + 1) > 0$

$$\text{Vastused: } x < 2; x \in (-1; 2] \cup [26; \infty); x \in [5 + \sqrt{2}; 13];$$

$$x \in (1; 6); x \in (-0,5, -0,25)$$